

# **Document made available under the Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT)**

International application number: PCT/US05/021234

International filing date: 15 June 2005 (15.06.2005)

Document type: Certified copy of priority document

Document details: Country/Office: US  
Number: 60/585,663  
Filing date: 06 July 2004 (06.07.2004)

Date of receipt at the International Bureau: 01 August 2005 (01.08.2005)

Remark: Priority document submitted or transmitted to the International Bureau in compliance with Rule 17.1(a) or (b)



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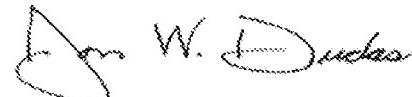
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APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/585,663

FILING DATE: *July 06, 2004*

RELATED PCT APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US05/21234

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This is a request for filing a PROVISIONAL APPLICATION FOR PATENT under 37 CFR 1.53(c).

Express Mail Label No. **EV 298499230 US****INVENTOR(S)**

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Additional inventors are being named on the **0** separately numbered sheets attached hereto**TITLE OF THE INVENTION (500 characters max)****APPARATUS AND METHODS FOR DISPENSING HIGH PURITY MATERIALS**Direct all correspondence to: **CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS**

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**ENCLOSED APPLICATION PARTS (check all that apply)**

Specification Number of Pages **21**

CD(s), Number \_\_\_\_\_

Drawing(s) Number of Sheets **5**

Other (specify) **POSTCARD**

Application Data Sheet. See 37 CFR 1.76

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Applicant claims small entity status. See 37 CFR 1.27.

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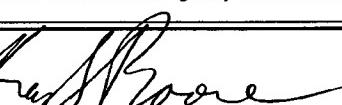
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[Page 1 of 2]

2004 JUL - 6

Respectfully submitted,

Date \_\_\_\_\_

SIGNATURE REGISTRATION NO. **29,284**TYPED or PRINTED NAME **Jeffrey S. Boone**

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TELEPHONE **314-654-8955**Docket Number: **1702.P.US**

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## APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR DISPENSING HIGH PURITY MATERIALS

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### Field of the Invention

[0001] This invention relates to system or apparatus and a method for dispensing high purity material from a container without compromising the purity of the material. More particularly, the invention relates to a system or apparatus and a 10 method for dispensing high purity chemicals, and particularly ultra dry solvents intended for use in laboratory scale synthesis studies, from a container, and particularly from a positive dispense container or can while maintaining the integrity of the material.

15

### Background to the Invention

[0002] Numerous dispensing systems are known for dispensing materials from pressurized containers. The material to be dispensed in the pressurized container generally provided with a dispensing valve. Upon activation of the valve a 20 pressure differential between the internal pressure in the container and the ambient pressure permits the dispensing of the material from the container. While such a simple system is acceptable for many applications, where the continuing purity and integrity of the material to be dispensed is a prime concern, such systems do not permit the purity and integrity of the material to be maintained upon dispensing of 25 the material. One such material is ultra dry solvent utilized in laboratory scale synthesis studies. Such ultra dry solvents are degraded by contact with moisture and oxygen.

[0003] For large scale storage and dispensing of such ultra dry solvents there 30 is presently available a relatively expensive CYCLE-TAINER container for a solvent delivery system. Such system comprises a closed stainless steel container, available in 4, 8, 52, 215 and 1250 liter sizes, containing the material to be dispensed, and is provided with appropriate valving. In use, an inlet valve of the

container is hooked up to a source of pressurized inert gas, such as argon or nitrogen, and the outlet valve from the container is connected to a hose leading directly to the reactor or vessel where the stored material is to be employed or used.

Upon introduction of the pressurized gas into the container the material may be  
5 dispensed. Cutting off the source of inert gas and closing of the valve stops the dispensing of the material from the container and preserves the integrity of the stored material. Beside being relatively expensive, such a system is not suitable,  
10 practical or acceptable for conditions where one desires to dispense only small quantities of the material from a positive pressurized container, such as where one desires to dispense from a pressurized container only about 10 to about 20 mL of an ultra dry solvent material for lab scale synthesis studies. One way in which the art  
15 has attempted to solve this problem is to employ a syringe and a septum sealed bottle or container that contains, under a blanket of inert gas, the desired material to be dispensed. With this type apparatus it is necessary for the user to puncture the septum of the bottle with the needle of a syringe to extract the material from the septum container. However, this insertion of the needle into the septum container itself can be a cause of contamination of the material and destroy the integrity of the material. Additionally, the puncturing of the septum leaves a hole in the septum  
20 permitting escape of the blanket of inert gas and introduction of atmospheric gas, particularly oxygen, and moisture into the material stored in the septum container. Thus, there is a definite need for an inexpensive, acceptable dispensing system or apparatus for dispensing a material, especially relatively small amount of material, from a pressurized material that permits the dispensing to occur while maintaining the purity and integrity of the material being dispensed.

25

#### Summary of the Invention

[0004] This invention relates to a system or apparatus and a method for dispensing a material from a pressurized container while maintaining product  
30 integrity. The system or apparatus comprises a pressurized container for holding

the material and having a dispensing valve provided with a dispensing conduit or stem for dispensing the material from the container at the appropriate time, a syringe equipped with on/off locking mechanism for permitting or preventing flow of the material into and out of the syringe by way of a stem or conduit attached to the 5 locking mechanism, and a removable adaptor for connecting the stem of the syringe to the stem of the dispensing valve of the pressurized container for permitting flow of material from the pressurized container into a chamber of the syringe upon actuation of the dispensing valve.

10 [0005] In a preferred embodiment of the system or apparatus of this invention the dispensing valve comprises a reciprocatably actuated valve wherein, when the syringe stem is connected to the valve stem by way of the adaptor, and the valve stem is reciprocatably moved inward towards the interior of the pressurized container, one or more openings in the valve stem are uncovered permitting flow of 15 material from the container to a chamber of the syringe without exposure to any contaminants or reactive materials thereby permitting dispensing of the material while maintaining its integrity.

20 [0006] The invention in one embodiment comprises apparatus for storing and dispensing a material from a pressurized container while maintaining the integrity or purity of the material to be dispensed, the apparatus comprising:

- 25
- a) a pressurized container holding the material to be dispensed, the pressurized container having a dispensing valve with a dispensing valve stem having a distal end protruding from the pressurized container and a proximal end extending into the pressurized container;
  - b) a syringe provided with 1) an on/off locking switch for permitting/or preventing flow of the material into or out of a chamber of the syringe and 2) a stem having an end extending from the syringe for receiving material from the pressurized container; and
  - c) a removable adaptor connecting the distal end dispensing valve stem
- 30

protruding from the of the pressurized container to end of the stem extending from the syringe so as to establish a permissible flow path from one stem to the other stem

5 so that upon activation of the on/off locking switch to the on position for permitting flow of material into the syringe and activation of the dispensing valve to a dispensing mode material may flow from the pressurized container to the chamber of the syringe.

[0007] The invention in another embodiment comprises apparatus wherein  
10 the dispensing valve comprises a reciprocatably actuated valve.

[0008] The invention in another embodiment comprises apparatus wherein  
the valve stem of the dispensing valve is hollow but is closed at the proximal end in  
the container and is provided with one or more covered openings along the stem,  
15 the valve stem being reciprocatably movable inward into the pressurized container  
for uncovering the one or more openings in the valve stem for permitting the flow of  
material from the pressurized container through the one or more openings, into the  
valve stem, and into the chamber of the syringe.

20 [0009] The invention in another embodiment comprises apparatus wherein  
the one or more openings in the dispensing valve stem are located circumferentially  
around the dispensing valve stem and are covered by a gasket until the dispensing  
valve stem is moved reciprocatable inward into the pressurized container for  
uncovering the one or more openings.

25 [0010] The invention in another embodiment comprises apparatus wherein  
the gasket is a ring of material surrounding the dispensing valve stem in a slidable  
manner.

30 [0011] The invention in another embodiment comprises apparatus wherein

the pressurized container holding the material to be dispensed is a positive dispense container comprising a pressurized container having therein a bag containing the material to be dispensed, said bag being connected to the dispensing valve in fluid flow relationship, and said bag being surrounded by pressurizing, preferably such as 5 argon or nitrogen, in the container.

[0012] The invention in another embodiment comprises apparatus wherein the pressurized container holding the material to be dispensed is a positive dispense container comprising a pressurized container having therein a bag containing the 10 material to be dispensed, said bag being connected to the dispensing valve in fluid flow relationship, and said bag being surrounded by pressurizing gas in the container.

[0013] The invention in another embodiment comprises apparatus wherein 15 the bag is connected to the dispensing valve though a valve connector, the valve connector having a central opening for permitting the material to flow out of the bag, the dispensing valve stem is seated in the valve connector in a biased manner in a direction outwardly from the pressurized container preventing flow of material out through the valve stem until actuation of the dispensing valve.

20 [0014] The invention in another embodiment comprises apparatus wherein the dispensing valve stem is seated upon a biasing spring in the valve connector.

[0015] The invention in another embodiment comprises apparatus wherein 25 the adaptor comprises two female sockets connected by a central material flow path passageway in the adaptor, one of the female sockets connected to the distal end of the dispensing valve stem and the other female socket connected to the end of the stem of the syringe for permitting the flow of the material from the dispensing valve stem to the syringe stem so that the material may flow from the pressurized 30 container to the chamber of the syringe without exposure to the atmosphere.

[0016] The invention in another embodiment comprises apparatus wherein the adaptor comprises two female sockets connected by a material flow path, one of the female sockets connected to the distal end of the dispensing valve stem and the 5 other female socket connected to the end of the stem of the syringe for permitting the flow of the material from the dispensing valve stem to the syringe stem so that the material may flow from the pressurized container to the chamber of the syringe.

[0017] The invention in another embodiment comprises apparatus wherein 10 the on/off locking switch on the syringe is a luer lock.

[0018] The invention in another embodiment comprises apparatus wherein the syringe is provided with a reciprocatably actuated piston extending outwardly from the chamber of the syringe at an end of the syringe opposite the syringe stem.

15 [0019] The invention in another embodiment comprises a method for storing and dispensing a material from a pressurized container while maintaining the integrity or purity of the material to be dispensed, the method comprising:

- 20           a) providing a pressurized container holding the material to be dispensed, the pressurized container having a dispensing valve with a dispensing valve stem having a distal end protruding from the pressurized container and a proximal end extending into the pressurized container;
- 25           b) providing a syringe provided with 1) an on/off locking switch for permitting/or preventing flow of the material into or out of a chamber of the syringe and 2) a stem having an end extending from the syringe for receiving material from the pressurized container; and
- 30           c) providing a removable adaptor for connecting the distal end dispensing valve stem protruding from the of the pressurized container to end of the stem extending from the syringe so as to establish a permissible flow path from one stem to the other stem;

- d) connecting the adaptor to the distal end dispensing valve stem protruding from the of the pressurized container to end of the stem extending from the syringe; and
- e) activating the on/off locking switch to the on position for permitting flow of material into the syringe;
- 5 f) activating the dispensing valve to a dispensing mode permitting material may flow from the pressurized container to the chamber of the syringe; and
- g) activating the on/off locking switch to the off position to isolate the material in the chamber of the syringe.

10 [0020] The invention in another embodiment comprises a method having the additional step of subsequently replacing the stem of the syringe with a needle, activating the on/off locking switch to the on position and expelling material from the 15 syringe chamber to a closed system where the material is to be employed.

[0021] The invention in another embodiment comprises a method wherein the dispensing valve comprises a reciprocatably actuated valve.

20 [0022] The invention in another embodiment comprises a method wherein the valve stem of the dispensing valve is hollow but is closed at the proximal end in the container and is provided with one or more covered openings along the stem, the valve is actuated by the valve stem being reciprocatably moved inward into the pressurized container thereby uncovering the one or more openings in the valve 25 stem and permitting the flow of material from the pressurized container through the one or more openings, into the valve stem, and into the chamber of the syringe.

[0023] The invention in another embodiment comprises a method wherein the one or more openings in the dispensing valve stem are located circumferentially 30 around the dispensing valve stem and are covered by a slideable gasket and when the

dispensing valve stem is moved reciprocatable inward into the pressurized container the one or more openings is/are uncovered by the gasket to provide for flow of the material into the one or more openings.

5   **[0024]**       The invention in another embodiment comprises a method wherein the pressurized container holding the material to be dispensed is a positive dispense container comprising a pressurized container having therein a bag containing the material to be dispensed, said bag being connected to the dispensing valve in fluid flow relationship, and said bag being surrounded by pressurizing gas, preferably  
10                   argon or nitrogen, in the container, whereby upon activation of the dispensing valve the pressurizing gas forces material from the bag through the dispensing valve and into the syringe chamber.

15                   **[0025]**       The invention in another embodiment comprises a method wherein the bag is connected to the dispensing valve though a valve connector, the valve connector having a central opening for permitting the material to flow out of the bag, the dispensing valve stem is seated in the valve connector in a biased manner in a direction outwardly from the pressurized container preventing flow of material out through the valve stem until actuation of the dispensing valve occurs

20                   **[0026]**       The invention in another embodiment comprises a method wherein the dispensing valve stem is seated upon a biasing spring in the valve connector and activation of the dispensing valve causes the biasing spring to be contracted permitting the dispensing valve stem to further enter the pressurized container to  
25                   uncover the gasket from the one or more openings circumferentially around the stem.

30                   **[0027]**       The invention in another embodiment comprises a method wherein the adaptor comprises two female sockets connected by a central material flow path passageway in the adaptor, and the adaptor is connected to the two stems by connecting one of the female sockets to the distal end of the dispensing valve stem

and the other female socket to the end of the stem of the syringe.

[0028] The invention in another embodiment comprises a method wherein the material to be dispensed is an ultra dry solvent.

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[0029] The invention in another embodiment comprises a method wherein the material to be dispensed is an ultra dry solvent.

[0030] The invention in another embodiment comprises a method having the additional steps of subsequently replacing the syringe stem with a needle while the locking switch is in the off position, and then activating the locking switch to the on position and expelling material from the syringe chamber to a closed reactor or vessel.

15 [0031] The invention in another embodiment comprises a method wherein the material is expelled from the syringe chamber by means of a reciprocatable syringe piston.

#### Brief Description of the Drawings

20 [0032] The invention is illustrated by, but not limited to, the embodiment of the invention shown in the figures wherein:

Fig. 1 is a exploded view, partially in section, of the apparatus or system of this invention;

Fig. 2 is an enlarged view of a portion of the apparatus or system of Fig. 1;

25 Fig. 3 is a view of the assembled apparatus or system ready for dispensing material from the pressurized container;

Fig. 4 is a view of the assembled apparatus or system of Fig. 3, partially broken away to show the relative position of the components;

30 Fig. 5 is an enlarged view of a portion of the assembled apparatus or system of Figs. 3 and 4, illustrating the activation of the valve to permit flow of the material

out of the pressurized container; and

Fig. 6 is view illustrating apparatus to illustrate how the material dispensed into the chamber of the syringe by the apparatus of this invention may be dispensed from the syringe.

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#### Detailed Description of the Invention

[0033] The invention is illustrated by, but not limited to, the following description of preferred embodiments of the invention. As shown particularly in Figs. 10 1 and 2, the system or apparatus 10 comprises a pressurized container 12 containing the material, particularly an ultra-dry solvent material, to be dispensed. Although any suitable pressurized container can be employed in the apparatus and system of this invention, it is preferred to employ a positive dispense container having a bag of the material in a container pressurized by a suitable pressurizing 15 gas contained in the container but not in the bag. Such positive dispense bags are disclosed, for example in US Patent Nos. 5,035,351 5,040,704 5,137,186 and 5,169,037, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference thereto. As illustrated in Fig. 1, the pressurized container 12 has a material-containing bag 14 in which the material 16 is contained. The bag 14 is exteriorally surrounded by 20 pressurized gas 18 in the container 12. The bag 14 is sealed with a dispensing valve assembly 20 by way of a valve connector 22 suitably sealed to the bag and having a central opening 24 extending thought the valve connector. Seated in the central opening 24 of the valve connector 22 is a reciprocatable operable hollow valve stem 26, closed at its inner or bottom proximal end to prevent flow of material 25 directly into the proximal end of the valve stem. That closed end of the valve stem is located in the portion of the valve connector 22 extending into the interior of the container 12 and being seated on a biasing structure 28, such as a spring, biasing the distal end of the valve stem outward of the container 12 and doing so in a mode preventing dispersing of the material 16 from the bag 14. The valve stem 26 is 30 provided with one or more circumferentially spaced openings or holes 30 at a

location along the valve stem within the central opening **24** of the valve connector **22** located within the interior of the pressurized container **12**. Dispensing of the material **16** from the container **12** through openings or holes **30** is prevented by a covering or gasket **32** surrounding the openings or holes when the valve stem **26** is  
5 outwardly biased as shown in Fig. 1 and 2. The gasket material **32** may be of any suitable material not detrimental to the material being stored in the bag **14**. As an example of such a suitable gasket material there may be mentioned Gasket CS05-0310-51 from Buckeye Rubber & Packing Co., Cleveland, Ohio. It will be understood that the gasket material will be chosen based on its suitability to the  
10 material **16** to be contained in the bag **14**.

[0034] The apparatus or system **10** of the invention further includes an adaptor **34** having a central passageway **36** through the adaptor and thereby providing female sockets **38, 40** at each end of the adaptor for receiving a male member as explained hereinafter. The adaptor **34** may be of any suitable size or shape suitable for the intended use and made of any material suitably compatible with the material **16** to be dispensed.

[0035] The apparatus or system **10** of this invention further comprises a  
20 syringe **42** having a central chamber **44** and provided at one end with a reciprocatably actuated piston member **46** extending outwardly from the chamber **44** in a sealing manner and at the other end a off/on mechanism or locking member **48**. Extending outwardly from the off/on member **48** is a hollow stem or conduit **50** for receiving material **16** from container **12** into syringe chamber **44** and for dispensing  
25 the material from the syringe chamber into a reactor or reaction vessel. The of/on member **48** may be a luer lock mechanism or any other suitable on/off mechanism. The member **48**, as illustrated in the Figures 1, 3, 4 and 6 has a turnable handle **52**, that by appropriate positioning either prevents or permits flow of material through stem **50** into or out of syringe chamber **44**.

[0036] As shown in Figs. 3 and 4, for using the apparatus or system of this invention, the adaptor 34 is connected to both the valve stem 26 of the container 12 and to the stem 50 extending from the syringe 42 by placing the male stems into sealing arrangement with female sockets 38 and 40, respectively, of the adaptor.

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[0037] When it is desired to dispense material 16 from bag 14 in container 12, after the syringe stem 50 and container stem 26 are connected by adaptor 34, downward pressure is exerted against biasing means 28, such as by downward movement of the syringe 42, such that stem 26 is forced further into central opening

10 24 of valve connector 22 as shown if Fig. 5. Gasket 32 remains stationary against the upper end 23 of valve connector 22 as the stem 26 moves downward compressing biasing spring 28 in the central opening 24 thereby exposing the holes or openings 30 previously covered by the gasket. Upon uncovering of the holes or openings 30, pressurized gas 18 in container 12 causes material 16 to flow out of  
15 bag 14 and through central opening 24 and then through holes or openings 30 into hollow stem 26, through the adaptor 34, and then through stem 50 into syringe chamber 44 upon positioning handle 52 of locking mechanism 48 to the on (open) position. Once the material is in the syringe chamber 44 the handle 52 of the locking mechanism 48 may be turned to the off (closed) position to isolate the material 16 in  
20 the chamber.

[0038] When it is desired to dispense the material 16 that now resides in the syringe chamber 44 the syringe stem 50 is removed from female socket 38 of the adaptor and the stem is replaced with a syringe needle 54 as illustrated in Fig. 6.

25 The material 16 may then be dispensed from the syringe chamber 44 by placing the needle in a closed reactor or vessel (not shown), turning handle 52 to the on (open) position and expelling the desired amount of the material by appropriate movement of syringe piston 46.

30 [0039] The invention is particularly applicable to apparatus and a method for

dispensing materials that comprise ultra-dry solvents to be dispensed in relatively small amount of about 200mL or less, particularly about 100 mL or less, and especially amounts of about 10 ml to about 20 mL, under conditions that require the integrity and impurity of the material to be maintained and exposure to atmospheric  
5 conditions or other means of contamination are to be avoided. Examples of such solvent materials include, but are not limited to acetone, acetonitrile, anhydrous alcohols, bis (2-methoxyethyl)ether, chlorobenzene, chloroform, cyclohexane, dimethylformamide, dimethyl sulfoxide, ethyl acetate, ethyl ether, hexanes, methyl tert-butyl ether, methylene chloride, methyl ethyl ketone, tetrahydrofuran, toluene,  
10 xylenes and the like

[0040] While the invention has been described herein with reference to the specific embodiments thereof, it will be appreciated that changes, modification and variations can be made without departing from the spirit and scope of the inventive  
15 concept disclosed herein. Accordingly, it is intended to embrace all such changes, modification and variations that fall with the spirit and scope of the appended claims.

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I claim:

1. Apparatus for storing and dispensing a material from a pressurized container while maintaining the integrity or purity of the material to be dispensed, the apparatus comprising:

5 a) a pressurized container holding the material to be dispensed, the pressurized container having a dispensing valve with a dispensing valve stem having a distal end protruding from the pressurized container and a proximal end extending into the pressurized container;

10 b) a syringe provided with 1) an on/off locking switch for permitting/or preventing flow of the material into or out of a chamber of the syringe and 2) a stem having an end extending from the syringe for receiving material from the pressurized container; and

15 c) a removable adaptor connecting the distal end dispensing valve stem protruding from the of the pressurized container to end of the stem extending from the syringe so as to establish a permissible flow path from one stem to the other stem

20 so that upon activation of the on/off locking switch to the on position for permitting flow of material into the syringe and activation of the dispensing valve to a dispensing mode material may flow from the pressurized container to the chamber of the syringe.

2. Apparatus according to claim 1 wherein the dispensing valve comprises a reciprocatably actuated valve.

25 3. Apparatus according to claim 2 wherein the valve stem of the dispensing valve is hollow but is closed at the proximal end in the container and is provided with one or more covered openings along the stem, the valve stem being reciprocatably movable inward into the pressurized container for uncovering the one or more openings in the valve stem for permitting the flow of material from the pressurized container through the one or

more openings, into the valve stem, and into the chamber of the syringe.

4. Apparatus according to claim 3 wherein the one or more openings in the dispensing valve stem are located circumferentially around the dispensing valve stem and are covered by a gasket until the dispensing valve stem is moved reciprocatable inward into the pressurized container for uncovering the one or more openings.
5. Apparatus according to claim 4 wherein the gasket is a ring of material surrounding the dispensing valve stem in a slidable manner.
- 10
6. Apparatus according to claim 1 wherein the pressurized container holding the material to be dispensed is a positive dispense container comprising a pressurized container having therein a bag containing the material to be dispensed, said bag being connected to the dispensing valve in fluid flow relationship, and said bag being surrounded by pressurizing gas in the container.
- 15
7. Apparatus according to claim 5 wherein the pressurized container holding the material to be dispensed is a positive dispense container comprising a pressurized container having therein a bag containing the material to be dispensed, said bag being connected to the dispensing valve in fluid flow relationship, and said bag being surrounded by pressurizing gas in the container.
- 20
8. Apparatus according to claim 7 wherein the bag is connected to the dispensing valve through a valve connector, the valve connector having a central opening for permitting the material to flow out of the bag, the dispensing valve stem is seated in the valve connector in a biased manner in a direction outwardly from the pressurized container preventing flow of
- 25
- 30

material out through the valve stem until actuation of the dispensing valve.

9. The apparatus according to claim 8 wherein the dispensing valve stem is seated upon a biasing spring in the valve connector.

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10. The apparatus according to claim 1 wherein the adaptor comprises two female sockets connected by a central material flow path passageway in the adaptor, one of the female sockets connected to the distal end of the dispensing valve stem and the other female socket connected to the end of the stem of the syringe for permitting the flow of the material from the dispensing valve stem to the syringe stem so that the material may flow from the pressurized container to the chamber of the syringe without exposure to the atmosphere.

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15. 11. The apparatus according to claim 8 wherein the adaptor comprises two female sockets connected by a material flow path, one of the female sockets connected to the distal end of the dispensing valve stem and the other female socket connected to the end of the stem of the syringe for permitting the flow of the material from the dispensing valve stem to the syringe stem so that the material may flow from the pressurized container to the chamber of the syringe.

20

12. The apparatus according to claim 11 wherein the on/off locking switch on the syringe is a luer lock.

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13. The apparatus according to claim 12 wherein the syringe is provided with a reciprocatably actuated piston extending outwardly from the chamber of the syringe at an end of the syringe opposite the syringe stem.

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14. A method for storing and dispensing a material from a pressurized

container while maintaining the integrity or purity of the material to be dispensed, the method comprising:

- a) providing a pressurized container holding the material to be dispensed, the pressurized container having a dispensing valve with a dispensing valve stem having a distal end protruding from the pressurized container and a proximal end extending into the pressurized container;
- b) providing a syringe provided with 1) an on/off locking switch for permitting/or preventing flow of the material into or out of a chamber of the syringe and 2) a stem having an end extending from the syringe for receiving material from the pressurized container; and
- c) providing a removable adaptor for connecting the distal end dispensing valve stem protruding from the of the pressurized container to end of the stem extending from the syringe so as to establish a permissible flow path from one stem to the other stem;
- d) connecting the adaptor to the distal end dispensing valve stem protruding from the of the pressurized container to end of the stem extending from the syringe; and
- e) activating the on/off locking switch to the on position for permitting flow of material into the syringe;
- f) activating the dispensing valve to a dispensing mode permitting material may flow from the pressurized container to the chamber of the syringe; and
- g) activating the on/off locking switch to the off position to isolate the material in the chamber of the syringe.

- 25
- 15. The method according to claim 14 comprising the additional step of subsequently replacing the stem of the syringe with a needle, activating the on/off locking switch to the on position and expelling material from the syringe chamber to a closed system where the material is to be employed.

16. A method according to claim 15 wherein the dispensing valve comprises a reciprocatably actuated valve.
17. A method according to claim 16 wherein the valve stem of the dispensing valve is hollow but is closed at the proximal end in the container and is provided with one or more covered openings along the stem, the valve is actuated by the valve stem being reciprocatably moved inward into the pressurized container thereby uncovering the one or more openings in the valve stem and permitting the flow of material from the pressurized container through the one or more openings, into the valve stem, and into the chamber of the syringe.  
5
18. A method according to claim 17 wherein the one or more openings in the dispensing valve stem are located circumferentially around the dispensing valve stem and are covered by a slidable gasket and when the dispensing valve stem is moved reciprocatably inward into the pressurized container the one or more openings is/are uncovered by the gasket to provide for flow of the material into the one or more openings.  
10
19. A method according to claim 18 wherein the pressurized container holding the material to be dispensed is a positive dispense container comprising a pressurized container having therein a bag containing the material to be dispensed, said bag being connected to the dispensing valve in fluid flow relationship, and said bag being surrounded by pressurizing gas in the container, whereby upon activation of the dispensing valve the pressurizing gas forces material from the bag through the dispensing valve and into the syringe chamber.  
15
20. A method according to claim 19 wherein the bag is connected to the dispensing valve though a valve connector, the valve connector having a  
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central opening for permitting the material to flow out of the bag, the dispensing valve stem is seated in the valve connector in a biased manner in a direction outwardly from the pressurized container preventing flow of material out through the valve stem until actuation of the dispensing valve occurs

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21. A method according to claim 20 wherein the dispensing valve stem is seated upon a biasing spring in the valve connector and activation of the dispensing valve causes the biasing spring to be contracted permitting the dispensing valve stem to further enter the pressurized container to uncover the gasket from the one or more openings circumferentially around the stem.
- 10  
22. A method according to claim 22 wherein the adaptor comprises two female sockets connected by a central material flow path passageway in the adaptor, and the adaptor is connected to the two stems by connecting one of the female sockets to the distal end of the dispensing valve stem and the other female socket to the end of the stem of the syringe.
- 15  
23. A method according to claim 22 wherein the material to be dispensed is an ultra dry solvent.
- 20  
24. A method according to claim 14 wherein the material to be dispensed is an ultra dry solvent.
- 25  
25. A method according to claim 14 comprising the additional steps of subsequently replacing the syringe stem with a needle while the locking switch is in the off position, and then activating the locking switch to the on position and expelling material from the syringe chamber to a closed reactor or vessel.

26. A method according to claim 25 wherein the material is expelled from the syringe chamber by means of a reciprocatable syringe piston.

Abstract

This invention relates to a system or apparatus and a method for dispensing a material from a pressurized container while maintaining product integrity. The  
5 system or apparatus comprises a pressurized container for holding the material and having a dispensing valve provided with a dispensing conduit or stem for dispensing the material from the container at the appropriate time, a syringe equipped with on/off locking mechanism for permitting or preventing flow of the material into and out of the syringe by way of a stem or conduit attached to the locking mechanism,  
10 and a removable adaptor for connecting the stem of the syringe to the stem of the dispensing valve of the pressurized container for permitting flow of material from the pressurized container into a chamber of the syringe upon actuation of the dispensing valve.

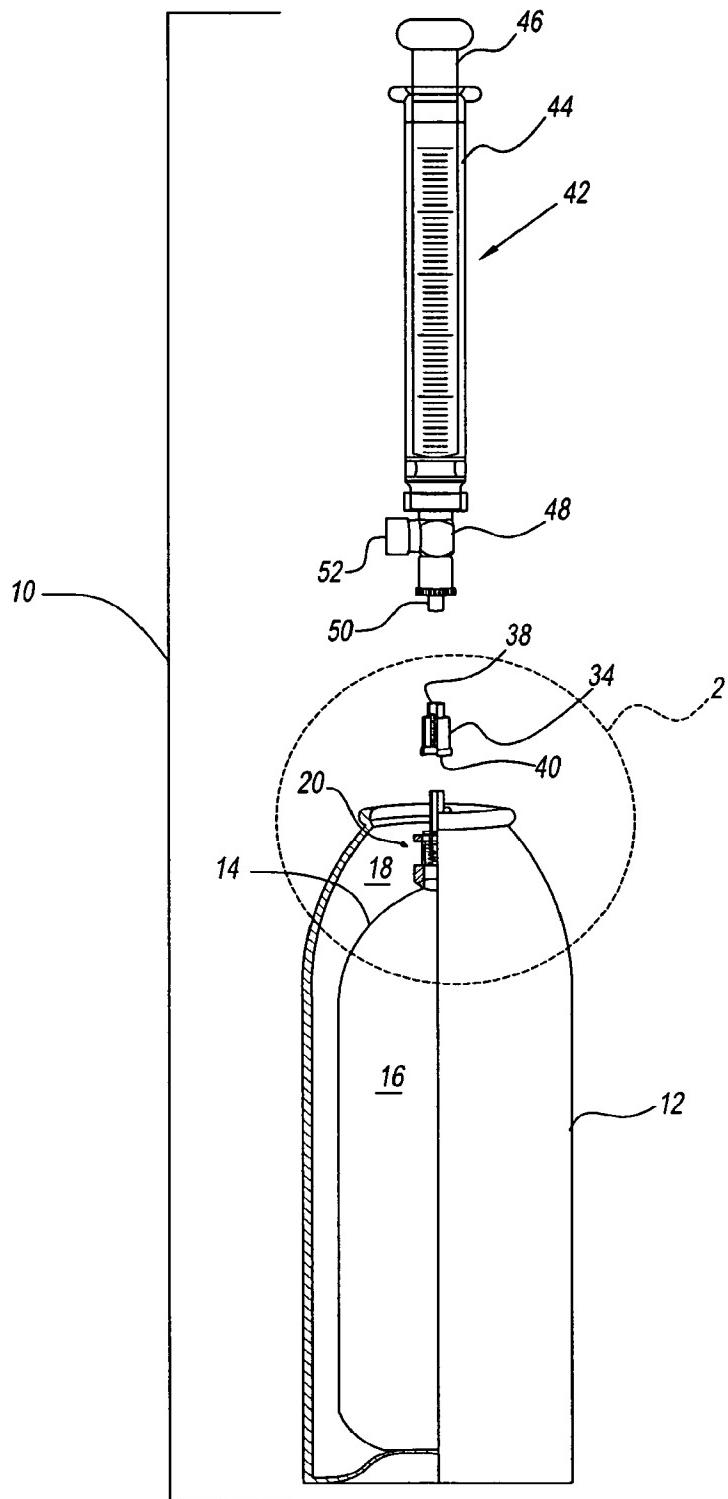


Fig. 1

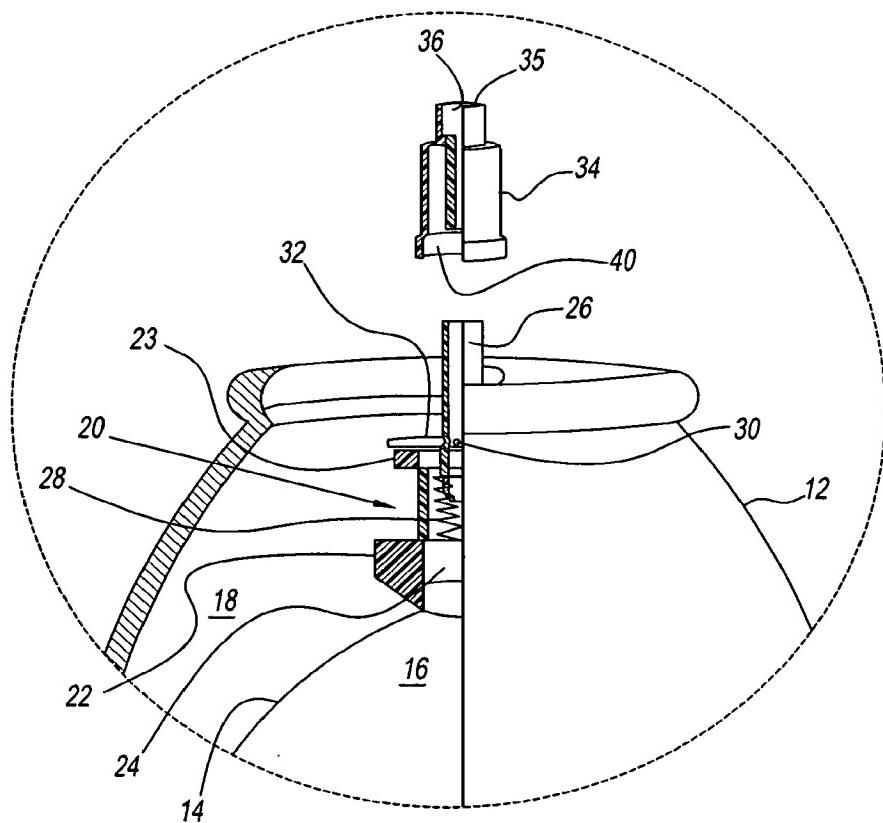
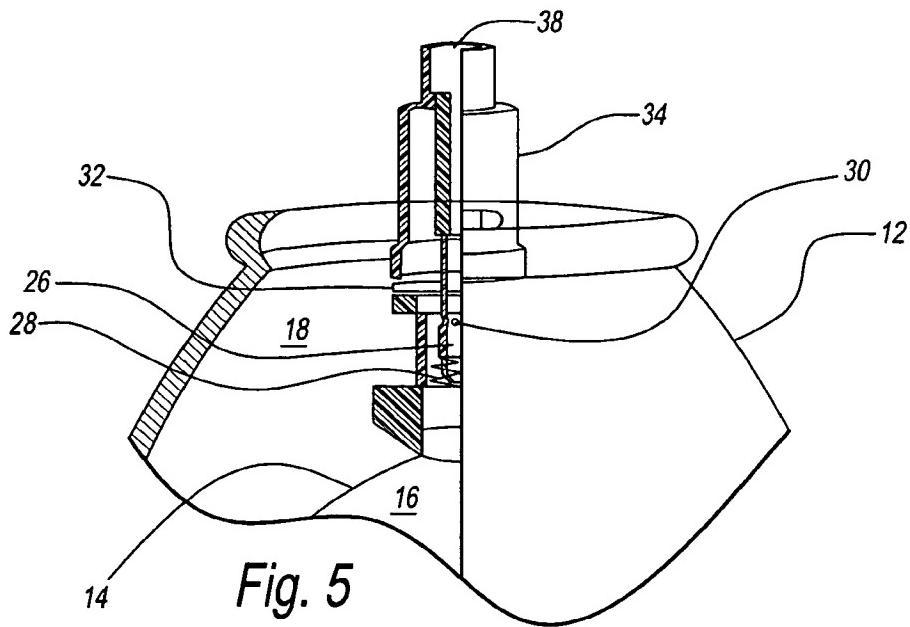
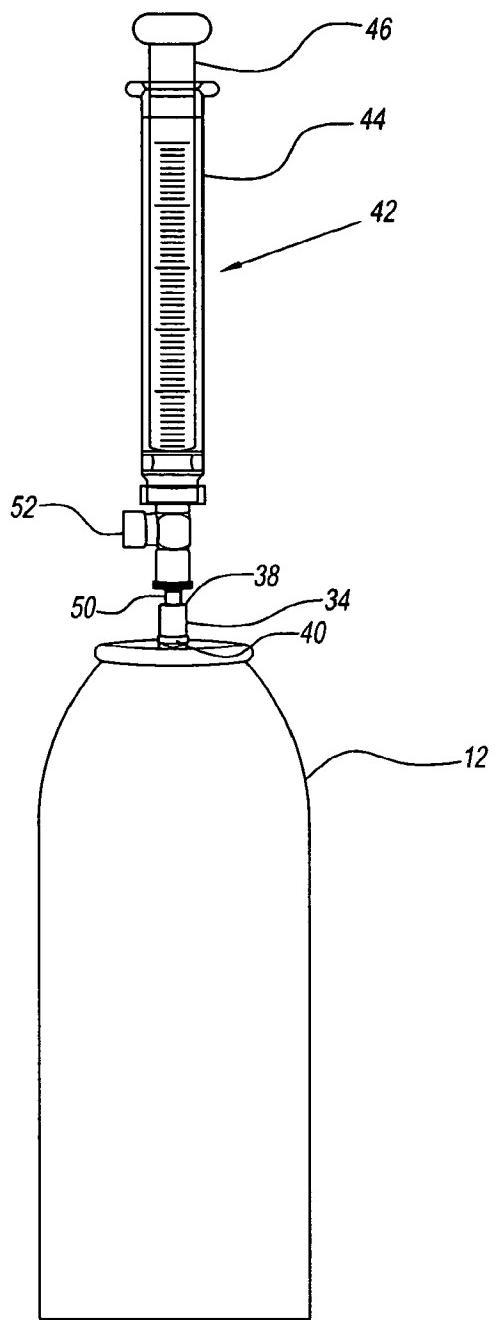


Fig. 2



*Fig. 3*

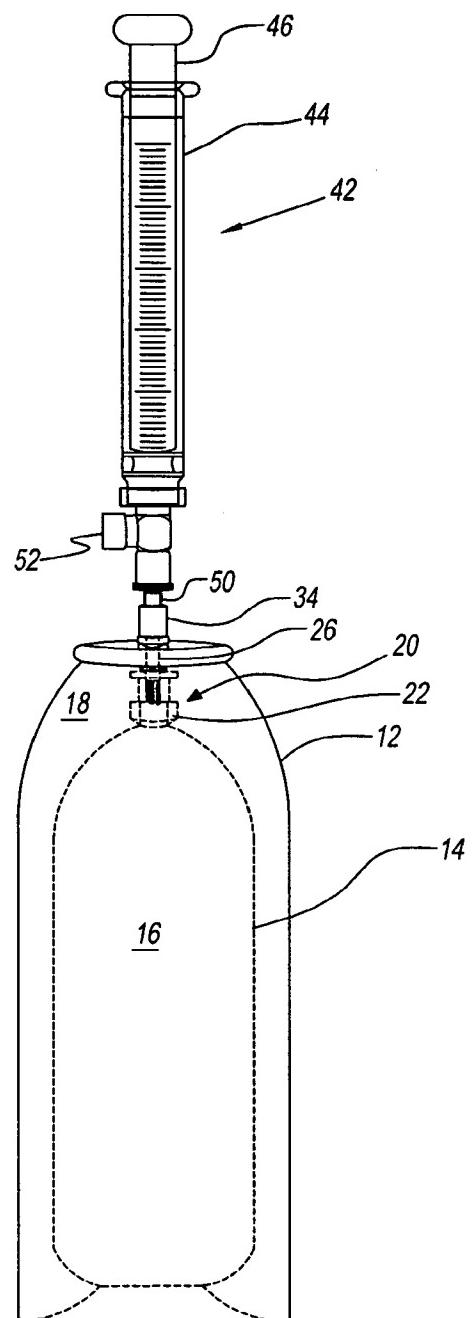
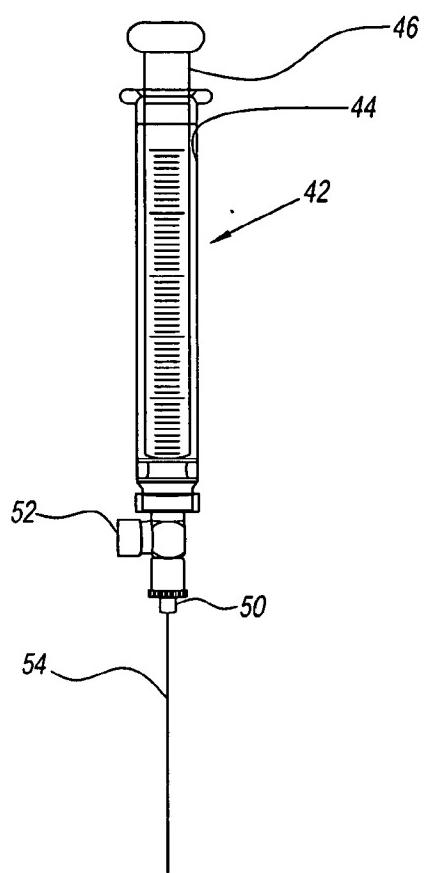


Fig. 4



*Fig. 6*